



International Conference on 'New Technologies and Sustainable Materials in construction of Low Volume Roads (Rural Roads) and Bridges' 24th to 26th May 2022 at Pragati Maidan, New Delhi

नमस्ते

SOME PERSPECTIVE

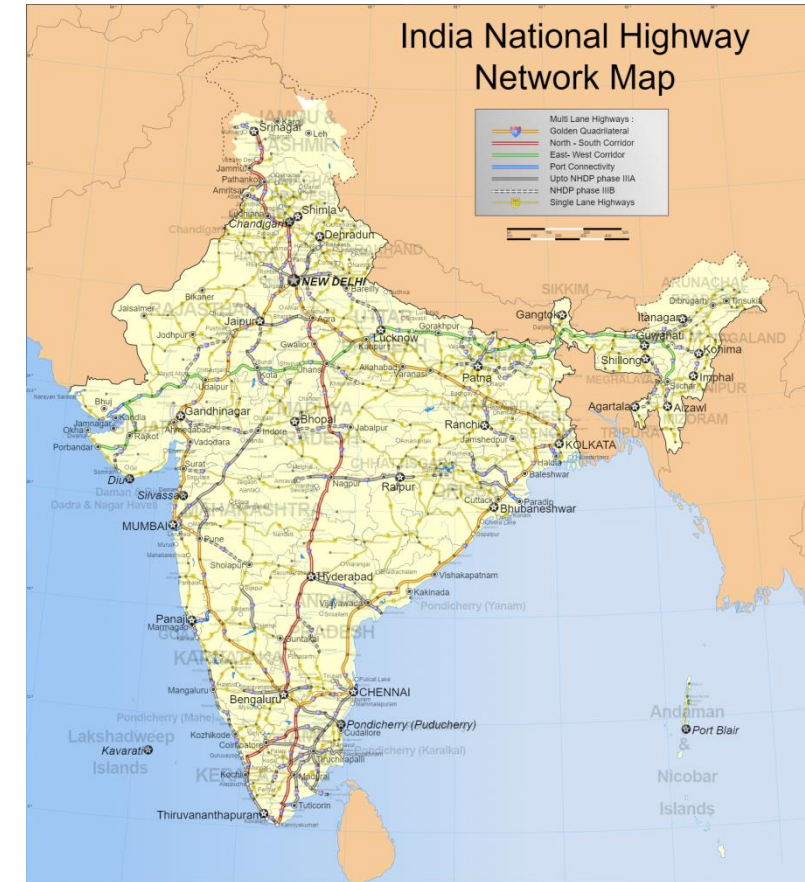
Without a single degree, they built roads that have lasted and eternity!



and then, the engineers arrived!



20TH CENTURY URBASATION AND ROAD INFRASTRUCTURE



21ST CENTURY– PMGSY PRIME MINISTER'S VILLAGE ROAD SCHEME – NOVEMBER 2000



Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana



UNDER PMGSY SCHEME REALISED BETWEEN DECEMBER 2000 – MAY 2022

183,565

No of works cleared



[More Info](#)

119,419

New connectivity Works



[More Info](#)

64,146

Upgradation Works



[More Info](#)

169,000

Completed road works



[More Info](#)

704,777 Km.

Completed Length (Kms)



[More Info](#)

14,565

In-progress road works (Cleared - Completed)



[More Info](#)



ROADCEM REALISED BETWEEN APRIL 1996 –MAY 2022



Stabilized **18.800.000 m²**



CO₂ reduction of **1.113.000.000 kg.**



Boeing 747 flying **189.000 times** around the world.



Compensated > **2.270.000 m²** trees.



Total time reduction **15 years.**



Costs saving for our customers of **₹605,87,21,188/-**

OBJECTIVES PMGSY = OBJECTIVES PCT > RESULTS PCT

- | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------|
| ▪ Achieve Economy in construction | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | > 40% |
| ▪ Speed up construction time | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | > 85% |
| ▪ Reduce carbon emmisions | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | > 74% |
| ▪ Reduce environment degradation | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | > 80% |
| ▪ Provide sustainable roads | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | ≈ 100% |
| ▪ Reduced maintenance | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | > 80% |
| ▪ No aggregates | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | ≈ 100% |

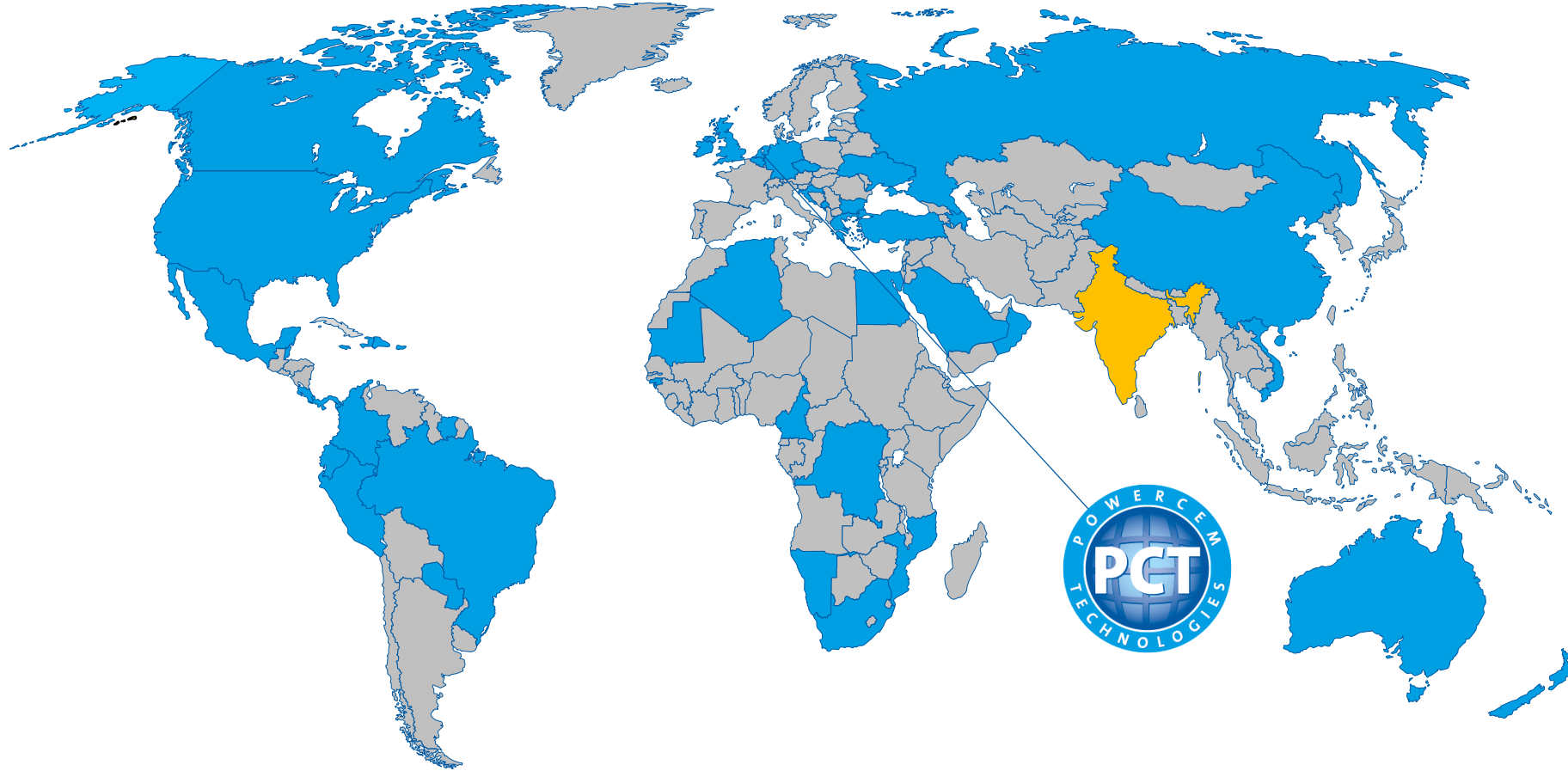


BRIEF INTRODUCTION

- Established: 1996, the Netherlands
- Established 2017: Official distributor for India - Elmer Enterprises Ltd

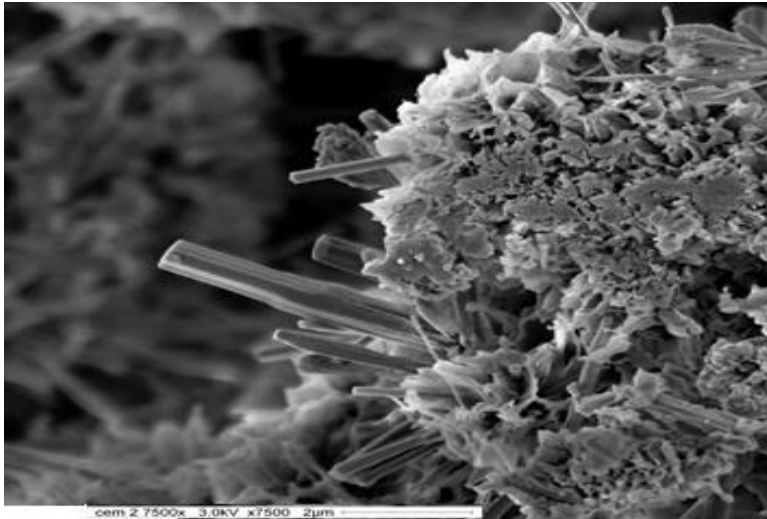
- **Specialization:** Modification of cement-bound materials
- **Mission statement:** Support the growth of the global economy and enhance people's lives through the development of sustainable infrastructure with our local partners.
- **Vision:** Providing infrastructural construction and environmental solutions whilst protecting the environment from the polluting effects of economic growth.
- **Track record:** PowerCem products have been successfully used in more than 40 countries to date.

POWERCEM GLOBAL PLAYER



POWERCEM PRODUCTS - NANOTECHNOLOGY

- Special composition of synthetic zeolites and alkali earth metals.
- Developed as additive to chemically modify cement bound materials.



Nano Scale

1 Nanometer = 0,000.000.001 meter.

PowerCem Nanotechnology

Chemical process creates a crystalline needle matrix on Nano scale that form interlocking filaments (thread-like structures) between the material particles (soil & cement) resulting in a flexible structure.

Literature: Nano indentation research on cement structures **RADBOUD UNIVERSITY** (Netherlands) & Effects of using RoadCem, **ULSTER UNIVERSITY** (Ireland)

UNIQUE PROOF OF CRYSTALLISATION NANOSCALE

Executive summary

Electron Microscope | Nanoscale research

Reference: He/Rr/PCT/IMaM-2011
Date: July 21, 2011
Researchers: NanoLab Nijmegen, Radboud University
PowerCem Technologies BV.

Introduction

X-ray diffraction

Powder diffraction is a scientific technique using X-Rays on powder or microcrystalline samples for structural characterization of materials. The measurements were carried out with a D8 Advance Diffractometer by NanoLab Nijmegen, Radboud University Nijmegen by Dr. J.A.A.W. Elemans.



The technology

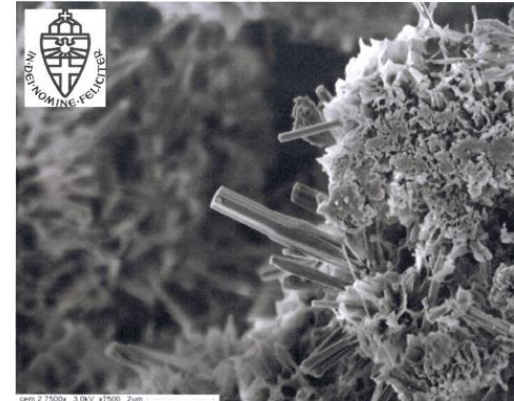
PowerCem Technologies BV, The Netherlands, developed and patented products that are based on a unique composition of alkaline (earth) substances and synthetic zeolites, with the addition of activators. The products are used for the construction of roads, immobilization and in addition to concrete.

Scope

The products create a crystalline structure within the matrix. A sample of PowerCem has been scanned to examine with an Electron Microscope on which scale the formation of a crystalline structure develops.

Scanning Electron Microscope

To look for microcrystalline structures the samples were examined with a Scanning Electron Microscope. A small part of each sample was coated with a very thin film of conducting material. For both samples, several magnifications were used. An overview picture with a magnification of 200 x, more detail with 2000 x and pictures up to 20 000 x magnification were recorded.



SEM 2.1500x 3.0kV x1500 2µm
Microcrystalline structures (nanoscale)

Conclusion

After a survey several locations were found in the samples which revealed microcrystalline structures. Needles up to 1 µm long and diameters less than 50 nm can clearly be detected in both samples. This clearly shows that the formation of a crystalline needle structure within the PowerCem samples has been detected on the nanoscale.

Dr. J.A.A.W. Elemans
Associate Professor Molecular Nanotechnology
NanoLab Radboud University
Nijmegen

Radboud Universiteit 

Radboud Universiteit 

HVS – HEAVY VEHICLE SIMULATION

320.000 AXLE LOADS OF 160 KN



Source: IMT Mexican Transport Institute

RESULTS HVS HIGHWAY BRAZIL

EVALUATION RESULTS RESEARCH ASPHALT AND ROADCEM CONSTRUCTION BRAZIL



5.1.4.1 After 320.000 load cycles (10 years)

Input parameters

- the bearing capacity of the subsoil (80 MPa)
- the layer thickness of the asphalt (11 cm), after maintenance 3 cm extra asphalt is applied!
- the layer thickness of the foundation (37 cm for the traditional construction)
- the load and pressure of the FWD (40 kN and 700 kPa)
- the measured average deflection occurring under the load (see figure 12, red line), $37,5 \cdot 10^{-2}$ mm, (375 μ m)

Calculation interpolation of the stiffness after 10 years

BISAR 3.0 - Block Report												
Brazil traditional construction year 10												
System 1: (untitled)												
Structure			Loads									
Layer Number	Thickness (m)	Modulus of Elasticity (MPa)	Poisson's Ratio	Load Number	Load (kN)	Vertical Stress (MPa)	Horizontal (Shear) Stress (MPa)		Radius (m)	X-Coord (m)	Y-Coord (m)	Shear Angle (Degree)
1	0,110	2,100E+02	0,35	1	4,000E+01	7,100E-01	2,000E+00	0,100E+00	1,348E+01	0,300E+02	0,000E+00	0,100E+00
2	0,370	2,100E+01	0,35									
3		2,100E+01	0,35									

Position Number	Layer Number	X-Coord (m)	Y-Coord (m)	Depth (m)	XX (MPa)	YY (MPa)	ZZ (MPa)	XX stress ratio	YY stress ratio	ZZ stress ratio	UX (mm)	UY (mm)	UZ (mm)
1	1	0,000E+00	0,000E+00	0,000E+00	-1,348E-01	-1,348E-01	-1,348E-01	-2,000E-02	-2,000E-02	-2,000E-02	0,000E+00	0,000E+00	0,000E+00
2	2	0,000E+00	0,000E+00	1,100E-01	0,200E-01	0,200E-01	-3,161E-01	1,711E-02	1,711E-02	-2,377E-02	0,000E+00	0,000E+00	0,000E+00
3	3	0,000E+00	0,000E+00	1,000E-01	0,200E-01	0,200E-01	-3,161E-01	1,711E-02	1,711E-02	-2,377E-02	0,000E+00	0,000E+00	0,000E+00

Figure 21: Interpolation calculation to determine the stiffness of the asphalt and foundation layer corresponding with the deflection found applying the FWD, after 320.000 axle load repetitions of 160 kN.

Results

Construction	Thickness	Stiffness
Asphalt	11 cm	3.000 N/mm ²
Base	37 cm	525 N/mm ²
Subsoil	-	80 N/mm ²

Table 15 Material stiffness asphalt pavement construction after 320.000 cycles of 160 kN.

Conclusion

The asphalt strength and the foundation strength are reduced drastically, after 320.000 cycles of 160 kN.

Construction	Stiffness asphalt prior to load	Stiffness asphalt after 10 year	Reduction	Stiffness foundation prior to load	Stiffness foundation after 10 year	Reduction
Traditional	11000 N/mm ²	3000 N/mm ²	-72,72%	3500 N/mm ²	525 N/mm ²	-85%

Table 16 Material stiffness reduction in the asphalt pavement construction after 320.000 cycles of 160 kN.

EVALUATION RESULTS RESEARCH ASPHALT CONSTRUCTION BRAZIL



5.1.5.2 After 320.000 load cycles (10 years)

Input parameters

- the bearing capacity of the subsoil (80 MPa)
- the layer thickness of the asphalt (9 cm),
- the layer thickness of the foundation (31 cm)
- the load and pressure of the FWD (40 kN and 700 kPa)
- the measured average deflection occurring under the load (see figure 13, red line), $14,9 \cdot 10^{-2}$ mm, (149 μ m)

Calculation interpolation of the stiffness after 10 years

BISAR 3.0 - Block Report												
brazile roadcem year 10												
System 1: (untitled)												
Structure			Loads									
Layer Number	Thickness (m)	Modulus of Elasticity (MPa)	Poisson's Ratio	Load Number	Load (kN)	Vertical Stress (MPa)	Horizontal (Shear) Stress (MPa)		Radius (m)	X-Coord (m)	Y-Coord (m)	Shear Angle (Degree)
1	0,090	2,100E+01	0,35	1	4,000E+01	7,100E-01	2,000E+00	0,100E+00	1,348E+01	0,300E+02	0,000E+00	0,100E+00
2	0,310	2,100E+01	0,35									
3		2,100E+01	0,35									

Position Number	Layer Number	X-Coord (m)	Y-Coord (m)	Depth (m)	XX (MPa)	YY (MPa)	ZZ (MPa)	XX stress ratio	YY stress ratio	ZZ stress ratio	UX (mm)	UY (mm)	UZ (mm)
1	1	0,000E+00	0,000E+00	0,000E+00	-1,148E-01	-1,148E-01	-1,148E-01	-1,148E-02	-1,148E-02	-1,148E-02	0,000E+00	0,000E+00	0,000E+00
2	2	0,000E+00	0,000E+00	0,000E-01	0,200E-01	0,200E-01	-3,161E-01	1,711E-02	1,711E-02	-2,377E-02	0,000E+00	0,000E+00	0,000E+00
3	3	0,000E+00	0,000E+00	0,000E-01	0,200E-01	0,200E-01	-3,161E-01	1,711E-02	1,711E-02	-2,377E-02	0,000E+00	0,000E+00	0,000E+00

Figure 24: Interpolation calculation to determine the stiffness of the asphalt and RoadCem layer corresponding with the deflection found applying the FWD, after 320.000 axle load repetitions of 160 kN.

Results

Construction	Thickness	Stiffness
Asphalt	9 cm	3.000 N/mm ²
Base	31 cm	26.000 N/mm ²
Subsoil	-	80 N/mm ²

Table 19 Material stiffness RoadCem pavement construction after 320.000 cycles of 160 kN.

Conclusion

After 320.000 cycles of 160 kN, the asphalt strength is reduced, however the RoadCem strength is not reduced

Construction	Stiffness asphalt prior to load	Stiffness asphalt after 10 year	Reduction	Stiffness foundation prior to load	Stiffness foundation after 10 year	Reduction
RoadCem	11000 N/mm ²	3000 N/mm ²	-72,72%	26000 N/mm ²	26000 N/mm ²	0%

Table 20 Material stiffness reduction in the asphalt pavement construction after 320.000 cycles of 160 kN.

FLOOD RESISTANT – IMPERMEABLE UNESCO RECOMMENDED

UNESCO-IHE
Institute for Water Education



**Macro-economic Effects of Using the PowerCem
Technology on Road Infrastructure in flood risk
Areas**

Ref nr: RC.INT.17.24052012

May 24th, 2012



APPLICATIONS



Road infrastructure



Storage- parking areas



Container terminals



Industrial flooring



Contaminated areas



Ports

AMBOTO



SUNGKHA



THEKRUJEMA



POWERCEM PRODUCT PROVEN EFFECTIVITY, RELIABILITY, QUALITY



BRENNTAG



Packaging: Bags of 25kg
Quality Control: Serial N^o



You will find us here

Thank you for your attention



Bahut Dhanyavaad
बहुत धन्यवाद्



NAGALAND PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

FDR USING ROADCEM IN NAGALAND

NAGALAND PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

- 4 PROJECTS
- DIFFERENT SOIL TYPES

NAGALAND PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT



25 JULY 2021



26 MARCH 2022

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B.T. SURFACE

NAGALAND PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

COST COMPARISON

- CONVENTIONAL METHOD WITH
- GSB
- I LAYER WBM Gr-II
- I LAYER WBM Gr- III
- COST = 61.66 L/km
- FDR WITH ROADCEM
- THICKNESS = 210 mm
- 7-8 % CEMENT
- 0.08 % ROADCEM
- COST = 49.69 L/km

Saving = 19.41%

NAGALAND PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

THANK YOU